Dr. Vera Butkouskaya verapetrovna.com

Web Analytics 2.0

Topic 2. Web Analytics strategy

Content

- 1. Measurement framework
- 2. Web Analytics Strategy

Class Question 2

Case 2

Kahoot 2

Measurement is the assignment of a <u>number to a</u> <u>characteristic</u> of an object or event, which can be compared with other objects or events. [Wikipedia]

Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) are a set of <u>quantifiable</u> <u>measures</u> that a company/industry uses <u>to calculate/compare</u> <u>performance</u> in terms of meeting their strategic and operational goals.

- From the **business perspective** KPIs have to be directly linked to overall <u>company goals.</u>
- From the **technical perspective** data collection they are <u>measures</u> to define and track specific business goals and <u>objectives.</u>

 © Dr. Vera Butkouskaya | verapetrovna.com



Business Objectives & Strategic Goals

Website purpose - (1) to increase salesor (2) to decrease costs

1 -- Outputs / results

CSF: Lead generation Brand awareness eCommerce Social networking Entertainment

2 -- Inputs/ Costs:

CSF:Customer education Self-service Customer service Informational Intranet



Source: https://altairbi.com/5-steps-to-actionable-key-performance-indicators/



© Dr. Vera Butkouskaya | verapetrovna.com

Critical Success Factors (**CSFs**) -- key actions that organization should focus on to fulfill strategic objectives.

- Limited in number (key)
- Normally starts with the verb (actions)
 - O To increase number of leads
 - To decrease number of calls to support service





A KPI provides evidence of the degree to which an objective is being attained over a specified time.

- KPIs are suggested based on CSFs
- KPI can be counted or compared (is a number or ratio)
 - O Increase leads by 25% over the next 12 months
 - O Decrease calls <u>by 20%</u> over the next 12 months





© Dr. Vera Butkouskaya | verapetrovna.com

Measures are <u>raw numbers</u> that themselves have limited usefulness.

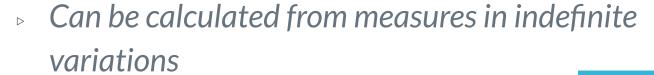


- need to be further related to each other
 - # Leads Month 1 2000
 - # Leads Month 2 3000
 - o Increase by 25%?

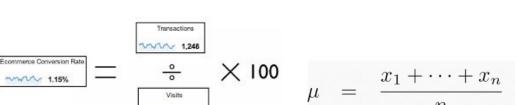


© Dr. Vera Butkouskaya | verapetrovna.com

Metrics are <u>calculations of Measures</u> and are always expressed as *rate*, *average*, *percentages or ratios*.



- Ratio of leads Month 2 over Month 1
- Ratio of calls to support service Month 2 over Month 1







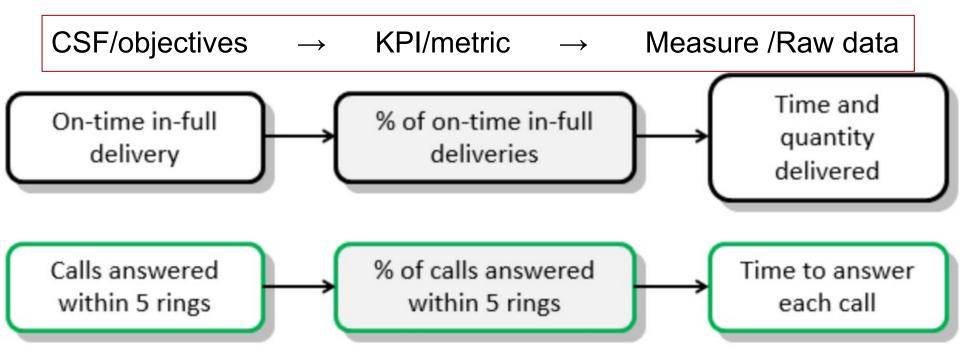
150%

percent

Outcomes / Outputs	Inputs / Costs Goal
To increase leads	To decrease calls to support service CSF
Increase leads by 25% over the next 12 months	Decrease calls by 20% over the next 12 months KPIs
Ratio of leads Year 2 over Year 1 Ratio = #leads year 2/#leads year 1	Ratio of calls to support service Year 2 over Year 1 Metrics
# Leads Year 1, # Leads Year 2	#Daily calls to online support Year 1 #Daily calls to online support Year 2 Raw numbers



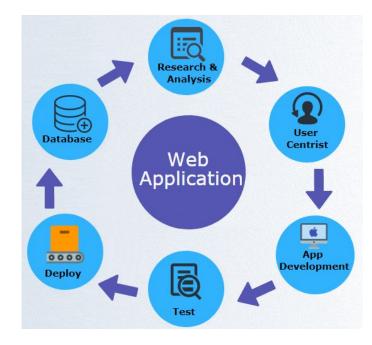




"Life is about taking action, and if your work is not driving action, you need to stop and reboot." © A.Kaushik

Web application

- "Use digital" understanding and
- 2. "Be digital" optimizing



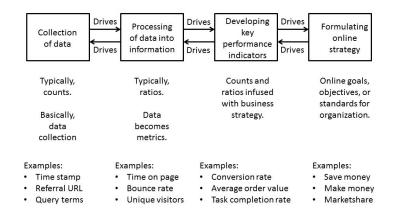
Information \rightarrow Actions

 \rightarrow

Outcomes

Web analytics is the measurement of web data (collection, reporting, analysis) for purposes of understanding and optimizing web application. [adapted from Wikipedia

Basic Steps of Web Analytics Process



Source: https://i.pinimg.com/originals/a3/ae/bb/a3aebba76676ca1b858e6321f426f7a5.png

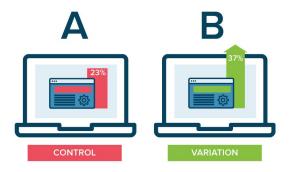
Objectives \rightarrow Information \rightarrow Implementation \rightarrow Actionable Insights

Data collection (Data sources, Measurement Tools, Raw Data)

Data reporting (Filtration, Segmentation, Metrics, Dashboards)



Data analysis (Experimentation, Actionable insights, Optimization)





Questions?